Evangelical Conference Opposed to Treating with the Seceding Party.

Everybody Stood Up When the Negative Was Called-Resolutions from the Lay Delegates Received and Referred.

The third day's session of the Evangelical Association was marked, toward the close of the morning's meeting, by an enthusiastic and unanimous expression of the conference in opposition to any action looking toward a compromise or reconciliation with the disrupted contingency now in session in Philadelphia. The Rev. Mr. Boas followed the reading of the report of the lay convention to the General Conference in a hot speech, in which he referred to the conference at Reading, Pa., where the split occurred. He spoke of how four trustees who had subscribed only \$25 toward the \$30,000 had tried to shut out three trustees who had paid over \$5,000 to the fund. "Now they come to and ask for a compromise. Compromise! With what? With wrong? With evildoing? No, no! Never, never!" "Some men," he continued, "exclaim, 'read both sides of the case.' I have read both sides, and am perfectly familiar with the whole affair. I wonder whether these men, when they read the Bible also read "Tom Paine's 'Age of Reason' to ascertain whether the Bible be true?" Bishop Esher then rose to his feet and said "All in favor of a compromise please stand up." Not a person arose. "All opposed please stand." The entire church stood up, and simultaneously burst into singing "Praise God from Whom All Blessings Flow" to the tune of "Old Hun-The day's session was opened with prayer by Bishop Esher, after which he read the 103d Psalm. On request of the Rev. W. Horn, secretary of the conference, J. R. Hensel. of the Ohio Conference, was appointed assistant secretary.

The minutes of the morning and after-noon sessions of Friday were read in the German and English languages by the secretary and adopted with a few suggestions. bishop Esher desired to know how many be considered in connection with of the delegates had attended previous conquadrennial conferences were attended, respectively. by the following number of delegates, who are present at the present conference: At Flat Rock, O., in 1851, 3; at Lebanon, O., in 1855, 3; at Naperville, Ill., in 1859, 4; at Buffalo, N. Y., in 1863, 9; at in 1859, 4; at Buffalo. N. Y., in 1863, 9; at Pittsburg. Pa., in 1863, 17; at Naperville. Ill., in 1871, 17; at Philadelphia, in 1875, 29; at Chicago, in 1879, 26; at Allentown, Pa., in 1883, 35, and at Buffalo, in 1887, 43. Bishop Esher has been a member of every conference since the one at Flat Rock in 1851, and M. Lauer has attended all since the one held in 1855 at Lebanon. It was learned that forty-eight of the present conference have never been members of any General Conference before. By a careful examination of the personnel of the present conference it is ascertained that it is made up of the foremost men of the Evangelical Association of America—men who, by their ciation of America—men who, by their zeal, talent and Christian spirit, have brought the association to the footing it now occupies in the religious denominational world. The committee on worship made the following announcement of as-

made the following announcement of assignments for Sunday services:

In the Evangelical Church, New York and East street, Bishop J. J. Esher, followed by a communion service conducted by Bishop T. Bowman: at 3 P. M., Sunday-school, to be addressed by C. A. Thomas and W. A. Leopoid; in the evening a service for the young people by J. C. Homberght.

At the Evangelical Mission Sunday-school, 3 o'clock, H. Cordes and H. Schneider will At the German Reformed Church, 10:30, G. Heinmiller will preach, and in the even-

ing M. L. Wing. At the First German M. E. Church, in the evening. S. L. Umbach. At the Second German M. E. Church, 10:30, F. Durtz, and in the evening W. Witten-

At the Plymouth Congregational, 10:30, S. P. Spreng, and in the evening H. J. Bow-

At the German Baptist Church, 10:30, J. C. Kiest, and in the evening J. C. Brendel.
At the Evangelical Zion's Church, 10:30, H. T. Kiekhoefer, and in the evening J. G.

inasmuch as some doubt exists as to whether a session of the Central Pennsylvania Conference was held for 1891 or not, that died by the As he would suggest that the whole matter be ten by Field. referred to the committee on annual conference records, and that that comwhether a session of the Central Pennsylvania Conference has been held The Former Superintendent of the Bee-Line this year or not. Mr. Grote then presented the report of the Lay Conference to the Gereral Conference, prefacing the reading of the report by stating that the Lay convention was held not so much in the interest of the General Conference. The

report requests that, inasmuch as the prosperity of the church demands a lay representation, that the General Conference make necessary provision in the church laws and Discipline, whereby the lay representatives may be introduced in the annual and general conferences. Furthermore, that a lay delegate shall be reading of the board of publication, the board of trustees of the orphan asylum and other boards. Upon the completion of the reading of the report the Rev. Mr. Linse offered a set of resolutions which were in effect that the General Conference was deeply touched by the loyalty of the lay brethren to the church, and that their re-

the General Conference.

'The venerable Rev. G. F. Spreng closed the morning session with prayer. No business was transacted in the afternoon, as the committee on annual conference records was not ready to report. An adjournment was then taken till Monday

Committee of Arbitration Proposed. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 3 .- At to-day's session of the General Conference of the Evangelical Church in the case of Bishop Dubs, the commit-

"Whereas, There were charges preferred against Bishop, R. Dubs in the month of February, 1890, by M. P. Fitzinger, G. Vetter and L. L. Lingbach, Bishop Duba, however, withdrawing from the trial principally for the reasons that the trial conference extraordinary pains in selecting the best judges of wines I know of in our city and vicinity, inphers at his own expense and also refusing him cluding myself and father, who is one of the a certified cupy of the stenographers employed by the conference; and, "Whereas, The aforesaid trial conference at

Cleveland, O., after a one-sided investigation, declared him guilty of all the charges and speci-fications in the bill of charges, and suspended that the California wines are of a quality that him as a preacher and bishop of the Evangelical Association: therefore be it Resolved. First, that this body shall determine the whole matter, as required in our Discipline

"Second-In order to enable the General Con-ference to consider this matter intelligently, your committee is of the opinion that Bishop R. Dubs bring his case before this body, either in

person or by his counsel.

"Third-Your committee is of the opinion that this matter be thoroughly investigated, that the taken by the wine-growers of California and Bishop may be put in the proper light before the churches and the world."

The General Conference went into executive session for the purpose of again taking under consideration the case of Bishop J. J. Esher. At the session of the General Lay Conference of the association a telegram was sent to the general laymen's convention at Indianapolis proposing as a committee of arcitration the executive committee of the Evangelical Aliance, and the following Dr. Carroll, of the New York Independent; Elshop Fallows, of the Reference of the State of California may the Reformed Episcopal Caurch, of Chicago; well be proud of such a product. It is nectar Dr. Noble, of the Chicago Congregational for the gods."

AGAINST ANY COMPROMISE Church; Dwight L. Moody, Jos. Cook, of Boston; Bishop Foster, of the M. E. Church; Dr. Philip Schari, of New York; Dr. T. DeWitt Talmage, of Brooklyn, Dr. Patton, of Princeton University, N. J.; Dr. Harper, president of Chicago Univer-sity; Dr. Boardman, of Philadelphia. The convention then adjourned till Monday.

TERRE HAUTE SALOON ORDINANCE.

Ministers Preparing to Demand an Expression from the Council Upon It.

If there is a quorum at the meeting of the Council Monday evening it is probable that that body will be called upon to declare itself upon the passage or rejection of what is known as the Terre Haute saloon ordinance introduced by Conncilman Myers. The Terre Haute saloon ordinance is the most stringent piece of legislation that has ever been enacted for the restriction of the liquor business to the limits prescribed by law. It is supplemental to the State law, and is intended to secure its enforcement. It requires the closing of saloon doors from 11 o'clock at night until 5 o'clock in the morning, and on Sundays. When the hour for closing comes all patrons must be ejected. During the hours within which the sale of liquor is prohibited all screens must be moved aside and blinds raised or lowered so as to give an unobstructed view. It provides for the dismissal of policemen who fail to arrest saloon men detected in violating the law, or patrons who visit saloons during the period when

the sale of liquor is prohibited. The agitation of the question of putting the Terre Haute ordinance in force in Indianapolis is the result of the wide-open saloon policy under the Sullivan administration. The demand for it is so general and emphatic that cognizance of the matter was taken by the ministers of the city at a meeting held last Wednesday morning. At that meeting a copy of the ordinance was placed in the hands of each minister. All were in favor of its adoption, but there was some diversity of opinion as to the best means of securing the end desired. Some, notably Rev. R. V. Hunter, pastor of the Seventh Pres-Church, were in agitating the matter from the pulpit, while others were fearful of justifying a charge of mixing religion with polities. A majority, however, took Rev. Mr. Hunter's view of the case. In some of the pulpits of the city at least the matter will of the delegates had attended previous con-ferences, and upon a poll being taken it was ascertained that the ten preceding call for expressions from the laiety and the call for expressions from the laiety and the voting element of the church will be exherted to vote only for such candidates for Council as will pledge themselves to vote for the ordinance. Dr. Van Anda, of Roberts Park Church, and Rev. Mr. Taylor, of the First Baptist Church have also agreed to present the case before their congregations. Dr. Lucas will probably do likewise, as will half a dozen others.

There are already rumors to the effect that the Democratic members of the Council. that the Democratic members of the Council will dodge the issue until after the election by absenting themselves from the meeting Monday evening.

FOND OF THEATRICALS.

Minister Who Is Better Posted on Shows than Most Laymen.

The Rev. John Henry De Witt Miller, of Philadelphia, is at the Bates. Mr. Miller was until recently the "singing evangelist" for Sam Jones. He spent the summer in campaigning with Jones through Missouri, Kausas, Nebraska and Texas, and will join the celebrated Southern revivalist next summer. Mr. Miller is a lecturer, and is on his way to Michigan, where he has a circuit to minister of the Episcopal church he is very liberal in his views, and believes more in the greatest commandment of all, "Love thy neighbor as thyself," than in the straight-laced doctrines and dogmas of the church creed. He had prepared to spend the evening at English's theater in witnessing the performance of Nellie McHenry in a "A Night at the Circus," and when the reporter informed him that that attraction did not open until Monday night he was very much disappointed. "I saw 'Alabama' by Palmer's stock company in St. Louis the other evening, and I tell you it's a great play. It is a pure, clean comedy drama of war times, and it is so constructed that the most loyal Northerner or the bitterest secessionist can witness it with kincover. Although hais a regularly ordained Bishop Bowman then stated that last June charges had been preferred against the Rev. I. E. Miller, of the Central Pennsylvania Conference, which, upon investigation, resulted in a verdict of guilty and the suspension of Rev. Miller pending the meeting of the annual conference at Berwick, Pa. The gentleman maintains that the charges are false, and that he was made a victim of circumstances, and he prays the General Conference to take up the case, investigate it and take what action it may investigate it and take what action it may see proper. Bishop Bowman remarked that inasmuch as some doubt exists as to whether a session of the Central Pennsylvania to have written, and which was also handied by the Associated Press, was also writ

Succumbs to an Attack of Typhoid Fever.

A telegram was received yesterday morning from Cleveland announcing the death, from typhoid fever, of C. C. Gale, who, for fourteen years, was superintendent of the Bee-line and the Indianapolis & St. Louis roads. Mr. Gale began railroading with E. S. Flint, who was for some years general superintendent of the Bee-line system, in 1856, both as brakemen. Both proved elected to a district convention which shall meet four weeks prior to the annual conferences, and that at each of the latter there shall be one lay delegate to every 3,000 members. Another provision of the report requests that the lay members of the General Conference shall elect one-half of the members of the board of publication, the board of trustees of the orphan asylum and between two years on a sheep ranch which he owned. This did not prove a financial success and he returned to the railway service, accepting the position of car tracer on the Bee-line until that road was abon the Bee-line until that road was abserbed by the Big Four. Three months ago he was appoointed commercial agent of the Chicago & Alton, which position he held at the time of his death. At one time Mr. Gale was in good circumstances, but, through the fluctuations of Brightwood est consideration at the present-session of real estate, lost the bulk of his fortune. A number of men now holding good railroad positions owe their success to the training they had under Mr. Gale. Mrs. Gale died three weeks ago from heart failure. Four Two of the young ladies are fine musicians.
A number of ald Bee-line officials left last night for Cleveland to attend the funeral, which will occur at 2 P. M. to-day.

American Wines Abroad.

Mr. Julius A. Schuller, of this city, recently sent a box of assorted California wines to his tee to whom the matter had been referred made | brother in Stuttgart, Germany, his object being to show foreigners what kind of wines are produced in this country. He has received a letter

from his brother in which he says:

"The samples of California wines arrived here safely and are in good condition. I have taken oldest and most experienced judges of wines known here; and after a most careful and thorough examination, in which we compared the finest wines of stand second to none, and some of them are even superior to the best we compared with, and when that is said it is a great deal, as we had most excellent wines to compare with. The white wines such as Gutelel, Traminer, Riesling are of Cabinet rank, Burgundy, Zinfandel and Santerne are of a quality that can safely be compared with the wines grown on those historical hills and dealers who are well versed in the treatment of wines and who are scrupulous enough not to in-jure their purity by adulteration your Chilfornia wines will outrank any wines on the face of the

The Czar's Coming Visit to Berlin and the Stoppage of the Russian Loan.

American Pork Too High to Have a Large Sale -Effort to Have the Duty Reduced-Rescript Affecting Insurance Companies.

[Copyright, 1891, by the New York Associated Press.] BERLIN, Oct. 8 .- An official dispatch from Fredensborg, received in this city to-day. announces that the Czar and Czarina are expected there on Tuesday. Their majesties may remain at Fredensborg until after the celebration of their silver wedding anniversary, which occurs on the 28th inst., returning to St. Petersburg via Berlin. There is nothing to indicate that the meeting of the Czar and Emperor William will be invested with diplomatic importance. It will probably be a brief visit of courtesy. The Russian embassy in this city has not received any instructions regarding the visit of the Czar. It is believed the Emperor will meet him at the railroad station, and that after a short interview the Czar will proceed on his homeward journey.

Despite the protestations of peace which

are heard on all sides, the relations between the governments at Berlin and St. Petersburg remain strained. The suppression of German subscriptions to the new Russian loan is resented by M. Vishnegradski, the Russian Minister of Finance, who looks upon it as a trick of Chancellor Von Caprivi, whom Vishne-gradski says, first induced the Berlin bankers to believe that he favored the issue and then maneuvered for its abandonment. The Mendelssohns and Warschauer, who held a large proportion of the issue, have been advised from St. Petersburg that they will continue to be the responsible members of the syndicate negotiating the loan. In view of the present state of feeling of the French people they adhere to their contract, willingly expecting to realize a considerable sum on the rising of the price of the bonds due to the eager absorption of the issue of French investors. The press attacks upon the loan extend to Russian stocks generally, calling to mind a period a few years ago when the banks and bourses tabooed everything Russian. Then Argentine and other foreign loans filled the vacuum by the withdrawal of the Russian securities. Now, according to bourse reports, the way is being cleared for large operations in American shares of various kinds.

Regarding the Czar's presence in Berlin, the journalists who are obliged to record the event, have no agreeable anticipations the event, have no agreeable anticipations of their duties. The precautions which have been taken to prevent any but officials approaching the Czar are so strict that even the authorized representatives of the press will be kept at a distance. The journalists who were allowed access to the railroad station last week when the Czar was hurrying through Berlin on his way to Moscow, were locked up in a waiting-room and only got a glimpse of his Majesty through a window as he alighted from the train and was greeted by Prince Leopold, who was doing the honors in the absence of the Emperor. They had to await patiently for an hour while the Czar devoured sandwiches and drank cup after cup of tea, after which drank cup after cup of tea, after which they saw him depart. His capacity for eating appears to be accompanied by a capaci-ty for drinking, each cup of tea being plen-titully laced with rum instead of milk.

AMERICAN PORK TOO HIGH. The replies to inquiries made of leading wholesale dealers here and in Hamburg regarding trade in American pork show that it is still very limited. The cost of the inspection in America, combined with the duty still imposed here, prevents
the popular sale of American hog products.
The price for salted American pork rules
about 54 marks per hundredweight, while
cured German bacon sells at 58 marks. The
dealers are combining in an attempt dealers are combining in an attempt to get the government to reduce the duty, which is now 10 marks per one hundred pounds. Until this is done no marked impetus will be given to the trade in American pork.

A rescript providing that foreign insurance companies must invest in Prussian consols, which was issued today, is largely due to the influence of the German companies, which have become jealous of the amazing success of the American companies, which are now

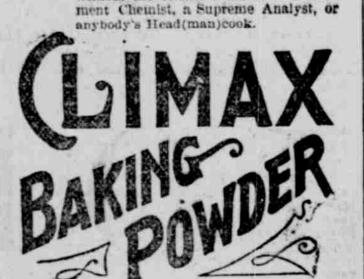
of the American companies, which are now acquiring the greater part of the insurance business throughout the country. The order will, without doubt, operate directly to the injury of the foreign companies, whose constitutions oblige them to invest a portion of their profits in specified securities. Thus, an important French company, "Le Conservateur," which operated in western Germany, will probably be obliged to withdraw from business. None of the great American companies operating here, however, are likely to be obstructed in their business. The rescript has been long foreseen by them, and preparations to meet it have

The Socialist Wildberger, who is an ar-dent opponent of the policy advocated by Herren Bebel and Liebknecht, has been elected a delegate to the Erfurt congress from a provincial district. This success of the extremists, following the election of two other members of that branch of the party as delegates from the Fifth district of Berlin strengthens the hopes of the members of the section who desire to effect the over-throw of the president central direct-ing committee. The Volks Zeitung, com-menting upon the evolution of the Socialist party says it has no doubt of the triumph of the moderate branches contends that German socialism is receding more and more from methods of disorder and seeks combat solely on the question of legal gov-

Inquiries made of the chambers of comprojected international exhibition in Berlin in 1894 elicited responses from 128 of the chambers. Of this number eighty-two are in favor of the exhibi-tion, and of these thirty urge that it ought to be universal. Twenty-seven decline to express any opinion re-garding the project, white the remainder are hostile to any exhibition, national or international. The absence of all enthusi-asm in regard to the project and the entire lack af unanimity settles the fate of the exhibition at least for 1894. The general opinion seems to be that it would not be advisable to hold a universal exhibition until a number of years shall have elapsed after the close of the Chicago world's fair. The collection of works of Russian artists recently on exhibition here will go to the Chicago fair.

Mr. Vanderbilt and family, after a short visit to this city, have returned to Dres-

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tation purposes. No home is furnished without the Phonograph to sing for you the latest songs and airs Energetic men to buy exhibition Phonographs by famous musicians and bands. Records of all You can make large incomes exhibiting them at fairs kinds kept for sale. Agents wanted in every town | and towns. LEEDS & CO.. in the State, E. R. MAGIE, Indiana Manager for Managers Exhibition Dept for Indiana. NORTH AMERICAN PHONOGRAPH CO. Office and Salesroom-47 South Illinois Street.

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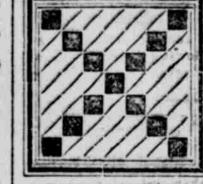
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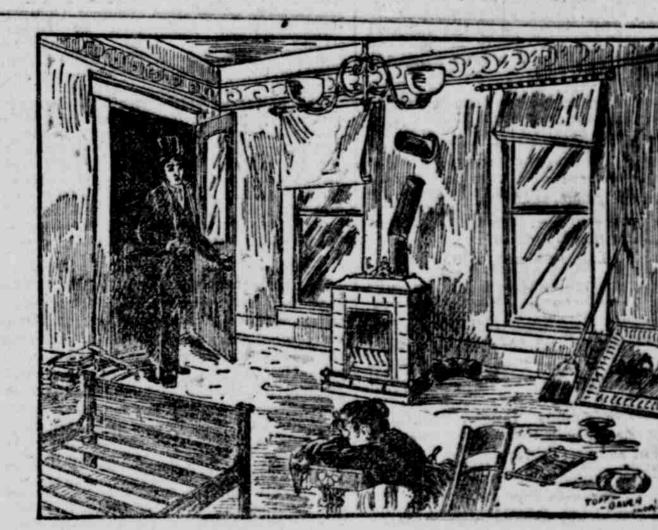


Married Life is a Success if You Buy Your Goods at the WORLD'S FAIR.

"Lottie, how happy we are! How comfortable! There has not been a single thing to mar our happiness since we were married. I dreaded the furnishing of our house, but we were fortunate in going to the

until later. We can purchase all our goods from this house and have money left. I was so surprised when I received the bill. 'Tis no wonder that the World's Fair requires nine delivery wagons to deliver their delivered, carpots laid, draperies hung, and the furniture all in shape, and I know that they are happy. Can we say that? No, we cannot be delivered, carpots laid, draperies hung, and the furniture all in shape, and I know that they are happy. Can we say that? No, we cannot be delivered, carpots laid, draperies hung, and the furniture all in shape, and I know that they are happy. Can we say that? No, we cannot be delivered, carpots laid, draperies hung, and I know that they are happy. Can we say that? No, we cannot be delivered, carpots laid, draperies hung, and I know that they are happy. Can we say that? No, we cannot be delivered, carpots laid, draperies hung, and I know that they are happy. Can we say that? No, we cannot be delivered, carpots laid, draperies hung, and I know that they are happy. Can we say that? No, we cannot be delivered, carpots laid, draperies hung, and I know that they are happy. Can we say that? No, we cannot be delivered, carpots laid, draperies hung, and I know that they are happy. Can we say that? No, we cannot be delivered, carpots laid, draperies hung, and I know that they are happy. der that the World's Fair requires nine delivery wagons to deliver their goods. 'Tis the variety they carry and the prices they sell them for that makes that mammoth business.

Wife-They have favored us, so let us take particular pains that all our friends call on them.



Married Life a Failure if You Don't Buy Them at the WORLD'S FAIR.

"What! 9 o'clock, and not here yet? I declare; this is a little too much. 'Tis one disappointment after another. Ever since I commenced building this house it has been one disaster after another. It almost

World's Fair. What a blessing to people just starting to housekeeping!

Everything that you can think of Isn't it wonderful?"

Wife—Harry, this house is the wish of my life. I am supremely happy with you and my model house. Only two more articles I want to complete furnishing. One is one of those beautiful Oak Pianos that were complete furnishing. One is one of those beautiful Oak Pianos that were without even a fire to keep me warm. You were determined to buy our model of the complete furnishing in this induce you to go with our makes me tired of life."

Wife—Your are not the one that suffers, but 'tis me. You are at your office all day, and I am compelled to remain in this unpleasant house without even a fire to keep me warm. You were determined to buy our model of the complete furnishing in the complete furnishing. complete furnishing. One is one of those beautiful Oak Pianos that were in the World's Fair Parlor at the Fair Ground, and one of those New Crown Sewing Machines they handle.

Want to want to want to without even a fire to keep me warm. You were determined to buy our goods of Mr —, when I did all I could to induce you to go with our friends to the World's Fair. The goods they bought were all neater than Husband—You shall have them to-morrow, and any anything else that you may want. I think it foolish for us to put off furnishing our parlor besides, they did a have to pay so much for them. They have all been

Husband-Wife, I admit that I have made a mistake, and to-morrow morning I shall countermand all the goods that we have bought that are not here and go to the World's Fair, where I know that they keep

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